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On page 11, please replace the first full paragraph with:

92 A second model (Jiang et al. (1995) *Stroke* 26:1-40), utilized mature Wistar rats which underwent temporary occlusion of the middle cerebral artery by intra-arterial suture for two hours. At the time of reperfusion either bFGF (45 µg/kg/hr) or vehicle were infused intravenously over three hours. At seven days after ischemia, infarct volume was significantly reduced in the bFGF treated animals (approximately 40% reduction in infarct volume), and only the bFGF treated animals regained their weight after surgery.

*The replacement paragraphs presented above incorporate changes as indicated by the marked-up versions below.*

Stroke is the leading cause of serious, long-term disability in the United States. Stroke accounts for half of all patients hospitalized for acute neurological disease. In 1991-92 one million Americans age 15 and older had disabilities resulting from stroke. According to the Framingham Heart Study, 31 percent of brain attack survivors needed help caring for themselves; 20 percent needed help walking; and 71 percent had an impaired ability to work when examined an average of seven years later. Sixteen percent had to be institutionalized. About 31 percent of people who have an initial stroke die within a year. This percentage is higher among people older than age 65. About two-thirds of men and women who have a brain attack die within 12 years; long-term survivorship is worse in men than in women. 407,000 males and 478,000 females were discharged from hospitals in 1994 after having a stroke. [For